



# FIRST FIDELITY LEASING MODARABA

Managed by: Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited



# CONTENTS

CORPORATE INFORMATION	02
VISION AND MISSION STATEMENT	03
KEY OPERATING DATA FOR LAST SIX YEARS	04
NOTICE OF ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING	05
DIRECTORS' REPORT	06
STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	14
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	16
AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS	17
SHARI'AH ADVISOR'S REPORT	18
SHARI'AH ADVISOR'S REPORT BALANCE SHEET	18 19
BALANCE SHEET	19
BALANCE SHEET PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT PROFIT OR LOSS ACCOUNT/STATEMENT OF OTHER	19 20
BALANCE SHEET PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT PROFIT OR LOSS ACCOUNT/STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	19 20 21
BALANCE SHEET PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT PROFIT OR LOSS ACCOUNT/STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME CASH FLOW STATEMENT	19 20 21 22



# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Board of Directors Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited.

Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited.					
	Chairman	Siyyid Tahir Nawazish			
	Chief Executive	Mr. Wasim-ul-Haq Osmani			
	Directors (Retired)	Sheikh Muhammad Nasim Mr. Abdul Hameed Kiayani			
	Directors (New)	Mr. Noor-ud-Din Ahmed Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung			
Company So	ecretary / CFO	Mr. Ijaz Fazal hi_ij@hotmail.com			
Auditors of	Modaraba	Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq			
Audit Comm	n <b>ittee (Old)</b> Chairman	Chartered Accountants			
		Mr. Abdul Hameed Kiyani			
	Members	Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Sheikh Muhammad Nasim			
	Secretary	Mr. Muhammad Ilyas Shafiq			
Audit Comm	n <b>ittee (New)</b> Chairman	Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung			
	Members	Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Mr. Noor ud Din Ahmed			
	Secretary	Mr. Muhammad Ilyas Shafiq			
Credit Com	nittee				
	Chairman	Siyyid Tahir Nawazish			
	Members	Mr. Wasim-ul-Haq Osmani Mr. Muhammad Younas Chaudhry			
Human Reso	urce & Remuneration Committe	ee (Old)			
	Chairman	Sheikh Muhammad Nasim			
	Members	Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Mr. Abdul Hameed Kiyani			
	Secretary	Mr. Muhammad Younas Chaudhry			
Human Reso	urce & Remuneration Committe	ee (New)			
	Chairman	Mr. Noor ud Din Ahmed			
	Members	Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung Siyyid Tahir Nawazish			
	Secretary	Mr. Muhammad Younas Chaudhry			
Legal Advis	or	Salim & Baig (Advocates)			
Bankers		MCB Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited			
Registered (	Office	93, B-1Canal Park, Gulberg -II, Lahore. Tel: $0 4 2 - 3 5 7 1 3 4 6 1 - 6 4$ Fax: $0 4 2 - 3 5 7 5 9 1 2 2$ Email: info@fidelitymodaraba.com Website: www.fidelitymodaraba.com			
Registrars		Corptec Associates (Private) Limited 503-E, Johar Town Lahore. Tel: $0 4 2 - 3 5 1 7 0 3 3 6 - 7$ Fax: $0 4 2 - 3 5 1 7 0 3 3 8$ Email: corptecassociates@gmail.com			
02   Annual Re	μυτι 2018				



# Vision

To excel in providing innovative Islamic financial Services to customers in the best possible manner.

# Mission

- To achieve a unique position in the Modaraba sector by developing products, foreseeing upcoming changes, endeavoring value addition, focusing economic and industrial growth of the country and seeking expansion in business activity.
- To offer attractive returns to stakeholders as per their expectations.

To actively participate and support transformation of our mercantile and financial sector in accordance with Sharia.

- To build our institution with attributes of flexibility, innovation and foresight keeping intact prudence level and corporate discipline supported by dedicated management mindful of corporate and social obligation, maintaining high professional and ethical standards with eyes on the future.



# KEY OPERATING DATA FOR LAST SIX YEARS

					(Rupees in	Millions)
	June	June	June	June	June	June
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Operating results						
Revenues	50.53	3.57	5.35	11.57	40.72	21.89
Operating profit before taxation and						
management fee	33.36	(8.15)	(9.74)	(7.30)	3.78	7.18
Financial position						
Fixed assets (owned and						
leased out)	301.75	228.58	233.52	242.32	250.94	242.60
Total assets	399.03	349.43	357.02	367.18	375.801	374.280
Certificateholders equity	357.02	323.66	331.81	341.61	348.84	344.99
Paid up capital	264.13	264.13	264.13	264.13	264.13	264.13
Earning Profit/ (Loss) per certificate	1.26	(0.31)	(0.37)	(0.28)	(0.14)	0.27
Profit distribution (%)	6.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Break-up value per certificate	13.52	12.25	12.56	12.93	13.21	13.06



### NOTICE TO CERTIFICATEHOLDERS ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING AND BOOK CLOSURE

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Review Meeting of First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba to review the performance of Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2018 will be held on Saturday October 27, 2018 at 11:30 A.M. at 93-B-1,Canal Bank, Gulberg-II, Lahore. The Certificate transfer books of the Modaraba remain closed from October 21, 2018 to October 27, 2018 (both days inclusive) for the determination of names of certificate holders for attendance of Annual Review Meeting. Certificate holders whose names are entered in the Register of Certificate holders as on October 20, 2018 shall be entitled to attend the meeting.

It is further informed that the Board of Directors of Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited in its meeting held on October 05, 2018 has approved cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2018 @ Rupee. 0.65 per certificate i.e 6.5% to the Certificate holders of First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba. The Certificate Transfer Books of the Modaraba will remain closed from October 28, 2018 to November 10, 2018 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in our Registrar's office at Corptec Associates (Private) Limited 503-E, Johar Town Lahore, till the close of business on October 27, 2018 will be treated in time for the purpose of above dividend entitlement to the transferees.

Ijaz Fazal (CFO/Company Secretary)

October 05, 2018 Lahore



# **Director's Report**

The Board of Directors of Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited, the Management company of First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba, are pleased to present the 27th Annual Report of First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba along with the audited financial statements and the auditors' report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### Financial Results

The financial results of the Modaraba are summarized as follows.

	Rupees in '000'	
	2018	2017
Income Expenses Operating (loss)/profit before provision and taxation Impairment allowance for non-performing assets Modaraba Company's management fee (Loss)/profit before taxation Taxation (Loss)/Profit after tax	<b>50,533</b> (16,600) 33,933 3,135 3,706 33,361 - <b>33,361</b>	3,573 (11,901) (8,329) 181 - (8,147) - ( <b>8,147)</b>
Appropriations Appropriated as follows: Transferred to statutory reserves	15,013	-
Profit distribution	17,168	Nil
Earnings per Certificate: (Loss)/profit per certificate stood at	Re.1.26	<b>Re. (0.31</b> )

**Review of Financial Performance** 

Alhamdulliah, the turnover of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2018 increased to Rs. 50.533 million as compared to of Rs. 3.573 million of last year.

The Gross profit also increased to Rs. 33.933 million as against Loss of Rs. (8.329) million of last year.

Resultantly, the Modaraba's net profit increased to Rs. 33.361 million as compared to loss of Rs. (8.147) million of last year.

After considering these results, the Board of Directors have decided to transfer 45% of the profit amounting to Rs. 15.013 million to the statutory reserves and to pay a final profit distribution @ 6.5% amounting to Rs. 17.169 million (Rs. 0.65 per certificate) to the certificate holders.

#### **Review of Operations**

As referred to in note 17.3.1 to the financial statements and as highlighted by auditors' report Modaraba's major portfolio at present is in the corporate tower being constructed by Enplan (Pvt) Limited. The management is anxious to get Modaraba's funds back so as to utilize those in its core business. The management therefore was stressing upon the sponsors of the tower to complete it with the help of finances from other sources, enabling Modaraba to liquidate its investment.

However, sponsors unwillingness to sell the building floors at market rates and to seek abnormal higher rates remained a barrier in resolving the matter. On persistent failure of sponsors' commitment, legal cases have been instituted against Enplan and its sponsors which are pending in courts of law. Modaraba has meritorious grounds to have the cases decided in its favor.

#### First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba



The Modaraba during the year has disposed off room in ISE Towers, Islamabad and shares of REIT Management Company Limited. Agreement for sale of Muree Villas has also been entered. Proceeds from sale of room, shares, and part recovery from divestment of Murree Villas have been brought in and utilized towards core business of ijara

The Modaraba has earned a profit of Rs 33.36 million during the year as compared to a loss of Rs 8.1 million sustained during last year. The bulk of the profit is from gain on disposal of above referred assets. However, redeployment of proceeds will provide regular stream of income in coming period. The ultimate resolution of Corporate Tower shall bring principal amount along with lost opportunity cost of funds which shall provide substantial funds for deployment in regular recurring business activities on realization.

#### Corporate Governance Compliance

As required by the Code of Corporate Governance, directors are pleased to report that:

- (a) The financial statements prepared by the management of the Modaraba present fairly its true state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- (b) Proper books of account of the Modaraba have been maintained.
- (c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- (d) International accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- (e) The system of internal control is sound and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- (f) There are no significant doubts upon the Moradabad's ability to continue as a going concern.
- (g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance as detailed in the listing regulations of the stock exchanges.
- (h) A statement setting out status of the compliance with the best practices of corporate governance is attached.
- (i) There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, which are outstanding as on June 30, 2018 except those disclosed in the financial statements, (if any).

Key Operating and Financial Data

A statement summarizing key operating and financial data for the last six years is attached.

Trading in Modaraba certificates by Directors etc.

None of the directors, chief executive, executives, auditors of the Modaraba or their spouses and minor children carried out any trade in the certificates of the Modaraba during the year under report.

Changes in Board of Directors

#### **Retiring Directors**

The following directors have retired on 29.06.2018 after completion of tenor specified in the companies ordinance.

- 1. Mr. S. M. Nasim
- 2. Mr. Abdul Hameed Kiyyani



#### **Incoming Directors**

The following directors have elected with the approval of Registrar Modaraba as from June 29, 2018.

- 1. Mr. Noor Ud Din Ahmed
- 2. Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung

#### **Board Meetings**

During the year under review five meetings of the Board of Fidelity Capital Management (Pvt.) Limited were held, which were attended by the directors as follows:

Name of Director	Meetings Attended
Siyyid Tahir Nawazish	4
Mr. Wasim-ul-HaqOsmani	4
Mr. S.M. Nasim	4
Mr. Abdul HameedKiyani	2
Mr. Noor Ud Din Ahmed	1
Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung	1

#### Audit Committee Meetings

During the year under review five audit committee meetings were held, which were attended by the directors as follows:

Name of Director	Meetings Attended
Mr. Abdul HameedKiyani (chairman) Siyyid Tahir Nawazish	4 4
Mr. S.M. Nasim	4
Mr. Noor Ud Din Ahmed	1
Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung	1

Human Resource Committee Meetings

During the year under review one human resource and remuneration committee meeting was held, which was attended by the directors as follows:

Name of Director	Meetings Attended
Mr. S.M. Nasim	1
Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Mr. Abdul HameedKiyani	1

Leave of absence was granted to directors who could not manage to attend some Board meetings.

#### Entity Rating

PACRA has assigned Moradabad's long term rating as "BBB+" and short term rating as "A2". The ratings denote low expectation of credit risk and an adequate capacity for timely payment of financial commitments.

#### Value of Provident Fund

The Modaraba operates a contributory recognized provident fund for all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Modaraba and the employee to the fund @ 10% of basic salary. The value of the fund as at June 30, 2018 works out to Rs. 310,038/.



#### Pattern of Certificate holdings

The pattern of certificate holdings is annexed to this report.

Auditors

M/s RahmanSarfraz Rahim IqbalRafiq, Chartered Accountants, auditors of the Modaraba retire and being eligible have offered themselves for reappointment for the year ending June 30, 2018. The Audit Committee has recommended their appointment subject to the approval of the Registrar Modaraba.

#### Future Outlook and Strategy

The Management visualizes Modaraba's future prospects bright on realization of funds out of investments in the current real estate projects so as to invest in business modes to generate regular stream of income for the benefit of the certificate holders.

#### Acknowledgement

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation for the continued support, guidance and necessary measures taken pointed by the Registrar Modaraba, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Modaraba Association of Pakistan and other Regulators. At the same time the Board appreciates the commitment, dedication and hard work put in by the management and staff members of the Modaraba and looks forward to their continued commitment in the coming years. Finally the Board extends its gratitude and appreciation to the certificate holders who remained committed to the Modaraba.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

WasimulHaqOsmani Chief Executive

Lahore October 05, 2018



# ڈائر یکٹرزر یوٹ

بورڈ آف ڈائر مکٹرز فیڈیلیٹی کیپیٹل مجیمنٹ (پرایٹوئیٹ) لیمیٹڈ (FCML) فانتظم فرسٹ فیڈیلٹی لیزنگ مضاربہ کی 27 ویں سالانہ مالیاتی رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں کررہے ہیں۔ بیمالیاتی نتائج رپورٹ فرسٹ فیڈیلٹی لیزنگ مضاربہ کی قانونی محاسب کی رپورٹ بابت مالیاتی سال18-2017 کے ساتھ پیش کئے گئے ہیں۔ مالی نتائج سال ہذا

	Rupees in '000'		
	2018	2017	
Income Expenses Operating (loss)/profit before provision and taxation Impairment allowance for non-performing assets Modaraba Company's management fee (Loss)/profit before taxation Taxation (Loss)/Profit after tax	<b>50,533</b> (16,600) 33,933 3,135 3,706 33,361 	3,573 (11,901) (8,329) 181 - (8,147) - <b>(8,147)</b>	
Appropriations Appropriated as follows: Transferred to statutory reserves	15,013	-	
Profit distribution	17,168	Nil	
Earnings per Certificate: (Loss)/profit per certificate stood at	Re.1.26	Re. (0.31)	

مالیاتی کارگردگی کا جائزہ

الحمد اللہ زیرِغور حالیہ سال کے دوران مضاربہ کی فروخت 50.533 کمین روپے تک رہی جبکہ اس کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ سال مىيں3.573 ملين روپے تھی۔ اس کی مناسبت سے کل منافع 33.933 ملین روپے تک رہا جبکہ اس کے مقابلے میں پچھلے سال کے دوران نقصان (8.329) ملین رويے تھا۔ سال کے اختتام پرمضار بہکا منافع 33.361 ملین روپے رہاجَبکہ گزشتہ سال بید (8.147) ملین روپے نقصان تھا۔ حالیہ نتائج کو مدنظرر کھتے ہوئے بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرنے فیصلہ کیا ہے کہ منافع کا 45% منافع 15.013 ملین روپے کی ریز رومیں منتقل ے بعد منافع فی سرٹیفیکیٹ 0.65رو پے یعنی 6.5 کے حساب سے سرٹیفیکیٹ مالکان میں تقسیم کیا جائے۔



کارکردگی کاجائزہ

جیسا کہ نوٹ نمبر 17.3.1 میں مالی بیانات میں محاسب نے اجا گر کیا ہے۔ کہ مضاربہ ہذا کی زیادہ تر سرمایہ کار کی لی تعار ENPLAN تعمیر کررہا ہے۔ یہاں پر یہ بات واضع کرنے کی ضرورت ہے کہ انتظامیہ کی بیخواہش ہے کہ مضاربہ کی بیر مایہ کاری واپس آجائے۔تا کہ اس کو بیمادی کاردبار میں استعال کریں۔انتظامیہ صدا کار پوریٹ ٹاور کے مالک جس کے ساتھ میں کر بیٹا در بنایا جار ہے، اُس کوزورد نے کر اس بات پر قائل کردہ ہی ہے کہ اس ٹاورکو کسی اور ذرائع سے مالیات حاصل کرتے کم از کم انتظامیہ کر بیٹا در بنایا جار ہم اس علمل شدہ جھے کو بیچ کر اس میں سے اپنا سرمایہ واپس نکال سیں۔ تاہم مار بیٹ میں عمارت کے فلورکو فروخت کرنے کے لئے ناپسندید گی کا اظہار کیا جاتا ہے۔ لیکن اعلی شرق کا ریٹ کے معال میں مارکیٹ میں مشکلات در پیش ہیں۔ سیا نہ کرنے کے لئے ناپسندید گی کا اظہار کیا جاتا ہے۔ کیکن اعلی شرق کا ریٹ کے معال کی گئی ہے جو کے زیرالتواء ہیں۔ جیسا کہ نوٹ میں بیان کا می پر RDLAN کی گئی ہے جو کے زیرالتواء ہیں۔ جیسا کہ نوٹ میں بیان کیا گیا ہے کہ مضاربہ کرد میں ہی ہوگی۔

اس سال 2 دوران مضاربه TOWER ISE يس مره اور REIT MANAGEMENT COMPANY LTD

کے شیرز کبھی فروخت کردیا ہے۔اور مرکی ولاز کی فروخت کا معاهد دبھی ہو گیا ہے۔ کمرہ اور خصص کی فروخت سے حاصل ہونے والی آمدنی کواپنے بنیادی کاروبار میں استعمال کیا گیا ہے۔ مضاربہ نے موجودہ سال کے دوران 33.36 ملین کا منافع حاصل کیا ہے جبکہ گزشتہ سال کے دوران 1.8 ملین روپے کا نقصان ہوا۔ منافع کا بڑا حصہ مندرجہ بالا اثاثوں کو فروخت کرنے سے ہے۔تاہم آنے والی مدت میں آمدنی سے مزید آمدنی کا اضافع ہوگا۔ کار پورین کاحتی حل نہ ہونے کی وجہ سے ٹاور کی قعیرات کے لئے مزید سرمایہ مہیا کرنا ہوگا۔

کوڈ **آف کار پوریٹ گورنس کی تعمیل** کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنس کے تحت ڈائر بیگرز بیر پورٹ پیش کرتے ہیں کہ: (۱) مضاربہ کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کرد دمالی گوشوارے اس کے معاملات کو، عوامل کے نتائج کوکیش فلواورا یکویٹ میں تبدیلیوں کوکمل طور پر پیش کرتے ہیں۔ (ب) مضاربہ کے باقہ عد دکھاتے برقر ارر کھے گئے ہیں۔ (پ) ملی اسٹیٹمنٹس کی تیاری میں اکاؤنٹنگ کی مناسب پالیسیاں مسلسل لا گوکی گئی ہیں اورا کا ؤنٹنگ کے تخمینہ جات معقول اور محناط فیصلوں رمینی ہیں۔



لی ر پورٹنگ اوراسلامی اکاؤنٹنگ کے معیار کی پیرون کی	به پرلاگو بین الاقوامی ما	إكستان ميں مضارب	(ت) مالی الشیٹمنٹس کی تیاری میں ب
			محتق ہے۔
ق اورنگرانی مو <i>ئ</i> ڈ طریقے سے کی گٹی ہے۔	ست ہےاوراس کااطلا	پ <sub>ے ڈ</sub> ھانچ میں در	(ث) مضاربهکااندرونی کننرول۱۔
			(ج) مضاربه کی سلسل کاروبار جار
د کچھ بھال کے بہترین عمل میں کوئی قابل ذکر تبدیلی نہ			/
			۔ ہوئی ہے۔
اب میں درج ہیں ۔	کے تحت میں وہ اس کتا	،ائلی اورا چھےنظام	(ح) دەبيانات جوكەدىكھ بھال
) ادائيگيوں ميں کوئی واجب الا دا مطالبات نہ ہيں			
			ماسوا نے ان کے جومالی گوشوارے میں
(*** )** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	گ کو کسر وق مود د	یکا کاروبار ماند کالم مدم ا	مضاربہ کے صص میں ڈائیر کیٹران پار پر بعد ہونہ کے تصویر مد کس
رس آف دی مضاربہ یاان کے عزیز دا قارب نے تجارت	ليزيدو، في افسر، أَدْيَة	) دا <i>تیریکتر، چیف</i> ا	سال هذاین مصاربہ کے مصل میں د نہ کی۔
	<i>a</i> 7	بأأ ملسورة	چېلې چې پېچې په کواز ندا <i>۲</i> چېچې چې چې سالول کا مالی مواز ندا <i>۲</i>
		) تماب من درن	
يتفصيلان بين جرة عل يبن	یہ زمالی طبق ک	زوا لربال	<b>بورڈمیٹنگز</b> 30جون 2018 کواختتام پزیرہو
	-		
	حاضری	لعداد	نام
ایچ آرمیٹی	آ ڈٹ کیمٹی	بورڈ	÷. •
1	4	4	جناب سیدطا <i>برن</i> واش بناب سیم بلحته عثانه
-	4	4	جناب وسیم الحق عثانی در اسرائی السرائی
1	4	4	جناب ایس _ایم کسیم جناب عبدالحمید کیانی
-	4	2 1	جناب خبرا حميد تيان جناب نورالدين احمد
_	1	1	بناب در اندین که مد جناب محمد فاروق عابد
	المحصر م گا	ينيد ني اخري ا	
	ی چ کاری کا ۔	<b>جامیں خیر حاصر</b> ق	وہ ڈائیر کیٹرز جو کچھ <b>ٹی</b> نگز <b>میں نہ</b> آ ک <u>س</u>



انثى ريثنك جون 2018 جاری کردہاین ریورٹ میں PACRA کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی نے طویل دورانیے کی ریٹنگ +BBB اور مختصر دورانیے ک کریڈٹ ریٹنگ A2 مختص کی ہے۔ يراويد نث فند مضاربہ کااپنے مستقل ملازمین کے لئے ایک منظور شدہ پراویڈنٹ فنڈ ہے۔اس فنڈ کی مالیت 2018-06-30 کو -/310,038 روپے ہے۔ پيرن آف سر ميفيكيد مولد نگ سر ٹیفیکیٹ ہولڈرز 30.06.2018 کی تر تیب لف ھذاہے۔ آ ڈیٹرز آ ڈٹ سمیٹی نے دوبارہ این خدمات سال 30.06.2018 پیش کرنے پر مضاربہ کے آ ڈیٹرس میسر زرحمان سرفرا زراحیم اقبال رقیق حارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس جو کہاس کے ہل ہیں ہنظوری دی ہے جو کہ رجسڑ ارآف مضار کمپنیز کی منظوری سے مشر وط ہے۔ مستقتل كاجائزه مضاربہ هذا کی انتظام یہ کواس بات کا ادراک ہے کے مضاربہ کا متنقبل بہت تابنا ک ہے۔رئیل اسلیٹ میں کی جانے والی سرما یہ کا ری جب واپس آجائے گی تو مضاربہ کے لئے بیر بہت آسان ہوگا کہ وہ اس سرما بیکاری کواجارہ ،مورا با ھاوغیرہ اور دوسرے منافع بخش کا موں میں لگا کر منتقل بنیادوں پر بہت اچھامنافع کما سکےاورا پنے شریفایٹ ہولڈرس کو سنتقل بنیادوں پر فائدہ ہاہم پہنچائے۔ اعتراف بوردْ أف مضاربه اس موقع بررجسر ارمضاربه، سيكيو رييز ايند المي چينج تميشن آف يا كستان ، يا كستان اساك اليحيينج لميند ،مفياربه ايسوس ايشن آف یا کتان کاان کی سلسل حمایت ، رہنمائی اور سر پر ستی کے لئے شکر میادا کرنا ہے۔ بورڈاس موقع پر سرٹینبیکیٹ ہولڈرز کاان کے اعتماداور بھروے کے لیے شکر گزار ہے اور خراج محسین پیش کرتا ہے۔اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ انتظامیہ اور تمام عملے کا ان کی پر عزم اور دل سے کی جانے والی خدمات کا خصوصی شکریہ ادا کرتا ہے۔

برائے وبجانب بورڈ Are ..... وسيمالحق عثاني

چف ایگزیکٹو آفسر

اكتوبر 2018,05

لاہور



## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES

(CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATION, 2017 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Name of company: First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba

Year ending: June 30, 2018

Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited (The Company) has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The total number of Directors are as per the following:

- a. Male: 04
- b. Female: Nil

2. The composition of board is as follow:

a) Indepe	ndent D	irector	S	02

b) Other Non-executive Director 01

c) Executive Director 01

3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as director on more than five listed companies, including this Modaraba Management Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable)

4. Management Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Management Company and Modaraba along with its supporting policies and procedures.

5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Modaraba. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.

6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.

7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board

8. The Board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.

9. The Board has not arranged Directors Training Program during the year for non-exempted directors.

The board has approved appointment of Financial Controller, including his remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.

11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.



- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
  - a) Audit Committee comprising of three members:

Old Members Abdul Hameed Kiyani Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Sheikh Muhammad Nasim New Members Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Mr Noor ud Din Ahmed

b) HR and Remuneration Committee (Name of members and Chairman) Old Members

Sheikh Muhammad Nasim Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Abdul Hameed Kiyyani **New Members** Mr. Noor ud Din Ahmed (Chairman) Siyyid Tahir Nawazish Mr. Muhammad Farooq Abid Tung

13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.

14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee

Quarterly

b) HR and Remuneration Committee

Yearly

15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.

16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP

17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.

18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with, except that the Board has not yet put in place a mechanism for annual evaluation of its performance.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Wasim ul Haq Osmani Chief Executive

Lahore October 05, 2018

Annual Report 2018 | 15



# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT**

#### To the certificate holders of FIRST FIDELITY LEASING MODARABA Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 ['the Regulations'] prepared by the Board of Directors of **FIDELITY CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (PRIVATE) LIMITED** ['the Management Company'] in respect of **FIRST FIDELITY LEASING MODARABA** ['the Modaraba'] for the year ended **June 30, 2018** in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulation.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Management Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Management Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Management Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Management Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Management Company for the year ended **June 30, 2018**.

Further, we highlight below instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the Code as reflected in the paragraph reference where these are stated in the Statement of Compliance:

Reference	Description
Paragraph 9	The Board has not arranged any training program for its directors during the year.
Paragraph 18	The Board has not yet put in place a mechanism for annual evaluation of its performance.

RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHIM IQBAL RAFIQ Chartered Accountants Lahore: October 05, 2018



# AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **FIRST FIDELITY LEASING MODARABA** ("the Modaraba") as at June 30, 2018 and the related profit and loss account, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (hereinafter referred to as the financial statements), for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit.

These financial statements are the Modaraba Company's **[Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited]** responsibility who is also responsible to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the Modaraba Company, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that-

- I. As referred to in note 17.3.1 to the financial statements, the construction of the Tower was due to be completed by December 28, 2013 as per the settlement agreement and agreement sell and buy back. However, the construction work has stalled at the plinth level. Settlement of the advance is dependent upon completion of the Tower through raising further funds or disposal of the tower in existing state. Further the Modaraba has also filed various recovery suits against Enplan (Private) Limited. Pending the outcome of the aforesaid, management has not measured the recoverable amount of the advance. Accordingly, impairment loss, if any, has not been recognized in these financial statements.
- II. Except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in paragraph (I) above:
  - a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Modaraba Company in respect of the Modaraba as required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981;
  - b) in our opinion
    - i. the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in agreement with accounting policies consistently applied;
    - ii. the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Modaraba's business; and
    - iii. the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects, terms and conditions of the Modaraba;
  - c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Modaraba's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- III. in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHIM IQBAL RAFIQ Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner: ZUBAIR IRFAN MALIK Lahore: October 05, 2018



## Shari'ah Review Report of First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

I have conducted the Shari'ah review of M/s First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba managed by Fidelity Capital Management (Pvt.) Limited, the Modaraba Management Company for the period ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of the Shari'ah Compliance and Shari'ah Audit Mechanism for Modarabas and report that in my opinion;

- 1. The Modaraba has introduced a mechanism which has strengthened the Shari'ah compliance, in letter and spirit and the systems, procedures and policies adopted by the Modaraba are in line with the Shari'ah principles;
- 2. The Modaraba's financing portfolio mainly consist on Ijara and Morabahafinacing, all the transactions are/were being executed under my supervision/review. The agreement(s) entered into by the Modaraba are Shari'ah compliant and the financing agreement(s) have been executed on the formats as approved by the Religious Board and all the related conditions have been met;
- 3. During the period Modaraba has reduced its Morabaha financing portfolio and diverted these sources to car Ijarafinancing. Modaraba has also entered into an Agreement to Sell regarding its property "Murree Villas" and proceeds received so far has been invested in car Ijara. Modaraba has also initiated legal proceedings against Enplan (Pvt.) Limited one of its stuck-up investment in infrastructure project, positive outcome of which will strengthen its financial position.
- 4. On liabilities side the Modaraba has not availed financing from any financial institution or acorporate entity during the period, furthermore there in not any brought forward figure, under this head, appearing in the book of accounts of the Modaraba.

To the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, the business transactions undertaken by the Modaraba and all other matters incidental thereto are in conformity with Shari'ah requirements as well as the requirements of the Prospectus, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and the Shari'ah Compliance and Shari'ah Audit Regulations for Modarabas.

There has been no earning that has been realized from the sources or by means prohibited by Shari'ah which could have been credited to charity accounts.

The amount kept under the head of charity was partially donated to two renowned approved charitable hospitals/institutions, management promised to donate the remaining amount to approved institutions shortly.

#### Recommendations

The management should continue its endeavor to comply with the rulings of Shari'ah in its business operations and future transactions.

The Modaraba should accelerate its efforts for early liquidation of its investment with Enplanand should focus on new innovations and explore possibility of entering into more specialized Shari'ah compliant business modes in addition to its core business activities.

It has been recommended that remaining amount kept under the head of charity should be disbursed ASAP.

#### **Conclusion:**

Based on the above mentioned facts, I am of the view that the business operations of First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba are Shari'ah Compliant, to the best of my knowledge.

May Allah make us successful in this world and hereafter and forgive our mistakes.

Mufti Altaf Ahmed Shari'ah Advisor Dated: October 01, 2018

18 Annual Report 2018



## BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and bank balances	7	10,040,527	24,406
Short term finances under murabahah arrangements - Secured	8	67,883,348	93,239,838
Ijarah rentals receivable - Secured	9	1,225,740	101,696
Profit receivable	10	437,500	43,820
Prepayments and other receivables	11	12,229,197	12,974,984
Advance income tax		1,591,335	1,392,323
Current portion of non-current assets	12	106,951	37,078
		93,514,598	107,814,145
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Long term advances and deposits	13	256,016	1,000,550
Long term investment	14	-	5,750,000
Membership assets	15	3,510,000	6,280,000
Assets leased out under ijarah contracts	16	77,273,418	4,009,111
Property and equipment	17	224,480,051	224,571,593
		305,519,485	241,611,254
TOTAL ASSETS		399,034,083	349,425,399
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued and other liabilities	18	11,218,633	12,488,597
Unclaimed profit distribution		10,652,112	10,673,516
Current portion of non-current liabilities	19	1,187,208	327,528
		23,057,953	23,489,641
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Security deposits	20	18,384,950	1,264,100
Employees retirement benefits	21	568,852	1,010,925
		18,953,802	2,275,025
Contingencies and commitments	22	10,300,002	2,270,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES		42,011,755	25,764,666
NET ASSETS		357,022,328	323,660,733
REPRESENTED BY			
Authorized certificate capital			
-		COF 000 000	605 000 000
62,500,000 (2017: 62,500,000) modaraba certificates of Rs. 10 each		625,000,000	625,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	23	264,138,040	264,138,040
Reserves	24	92,884,288	59,522,693
TOTAL EQUITY		357,022,328	323,660,733
			-,,

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

51.

Chief Executive Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

For Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited [The Management Company]

Thomas

**Director** Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

Smm

Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

Annual Report 2018 | 19



## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees
INCOME			
Income from ijarah financing		6,289,690	2,206,594
Profit on murabahah financing		437,500	16,822
Other income	25	43,806,633	1,349,717
		50,533,823	3,573,133
EXPENSES			
Amortization of assets leased out under ijarah contracts	16	(3,805,707)	(1,494,378)
Administrative and general expenses	26	(12,344,427)	(10,138,251)
Stock exchange and CDC charges		(344,717)	(263,167)
Financial charges	28	(36,942)	(6,194)
Other expenses	27	(68,777)	-
		(16,600,570)	(11,901,990)
Changes in impairment allowance for non-performing assets	29	3,135,186	181,789
Operating profit after impairment alloawance		37,068,439	(8,147,068)
Managment Company's remuneration		(3,706,844)	-
Profit/(loss) before taxation		33,361,595	(8,147,068)
Taxation	30	-	-
Profit/(loss) after taxation		33,361,595	(8,147,068)
Earning/(loss) per certificate - basic and diluted	31	1.26	(0.31)
	_		(/

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Executive Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

20 Annual Report 2018

For Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited [The Management Company]

Thomas

**Director** Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

 $\langle mm \rangle$ 

**Director** Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited



### STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

2018	2017
Rupees	Rupees
-	-
33,361,595	(8,147,068)
33,361,595	(8,147,068)
	Rupees - 33,361,595

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

876

Chief Executive Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

For Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited [The Management Company]

Thomas

Director Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

Kmm

Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

Annual Report 2018 21

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	33	36,635,746	(3,121,987)
(Payments)/receipts for:			
Employees retirement benefits		(741,999)	(1,500)
Income taxes		(199,012)	(125,012)
Proceeds from transfer of Ijarah assets		578,986	3,083,230
Profit distribution		(21,404)	(9,394)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		36,252,317	(174,663)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment		(354,000)	(28,000)
Purchase of ijara assets		(77,649,000)	-
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		53,493	100,000
Proceeds from disposal of long term investment		15,931,665	-
Proceeds from disposal of membership assets		35,478,186	-
Dividend received		303,460	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(26,236,196)	72,000
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	-
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		10,016,121	(102,663)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		24,406	127,069
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	34	10,040,527	24,406

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

71. Chief Executive

Chiếf Executive Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited For Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited [The Management Company]

Mammu

Director Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

Smm

Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited



## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Share capital	Capital Reserves	Revenue Reserve	
Note	Issued subscribed and paid-up capital	Statutory reserve	Accumulated loss	Total equity
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at July 01, 2016	264,138,040	79,377,508	(11,707,747)	331,807,801
Comprehensive income				
Loss after taxation Other comprehensive income	-	-	(8,147,068) -	(8,147,068) -
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(8,147,068)	(8,147,068)
Transaction with owners	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2017	264,138,040	79,377,508	(19,854,815)	323,660,733
Balance as at July 01, 2017	264,138,040	79,377,508	(19,854,815)	323,660,733
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income	-	-	33,361,595 -	33,361,595 -
Total comprehensive income	-	-	33,361,595	33,361,595
Transaction with owners				
Transfer to statutory reserve		15,012,718	(15,012,718)	
Balance as at June 30, 2018	264,138,040	94,390,226	(1,505,938)	357,022,328

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

71. 0 > 20

Chief Executive Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

For Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited [The Management Company]

6 M

Director Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

mm

**Director** Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

# Annual Report 2018 23





### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### 1 REPORTING ENTITY

First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba ("the Modaraba") is a perpetual, multi-purpose and multi-dimensional modaraba formed under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 and the Rules framed there under and is managed by Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited ("the Management Company"), a company incorporated in Pakistan under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017). The registered office of the Modaraba is situated at Ground Floor 93, B-1 Canal Park, Gulber-II, Lahore. The Modaraba was floated on December 05, 1991 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Modaraba is primarily engaged in the business of ijarah, musharakah and murabahah financing, equity investment, brokerage and other related business.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards ['IFRS'] issued by the International Accounting Standards Board [IASB] as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards ['IFAS'] issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- The requirements of Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 ['the Ordinance'], the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 ['the Rules'] and Prudential Regulations for Modarabas [herein after referred to as the relevent laws']; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 and the relevent laws differ from the IFRS and IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 and the relevent laws have been followed.

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide Circular No. 10 of 2004 date February 13, 2004 has deferred, till further orders, the applicability of the IAS 17 "Leases" with effect from July 01, 2003. Accordingly, this IAS has not been considered for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for employees retirement benefits liabilities measured at present value and certain financial instruments measured at fair value/amortized cost. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

#### 2.3 Judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Subsequently, actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. There are no estimation uncertainties as at the reporting date. Judgments made by management in the application of approved accounting standards that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a risk of material adjustment in subsequent years are as follows:

#### 2.3.1 Recoverable amount and impairment (see note 5.24)

The Modaraba reviews carrying amounts of its assets for possible impairment and makes formal estimates of recoverable amount if there is any such indication. Musharakah, Murabahah and Ijarah finances, and related other receivables are tested for impairment taking into account the borrowers' payment/credit history, adequacy of security and requirements of Prudential Regulations for Modarabas.

#### 2.3.2 Depreciation method, rates and useful lives of operating fixed assets (see note 5.7)

The Modaraba reassesses useful lives, depreciation method and rates for each item of operating fixed assets annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Company expects to derive from that item.



#### 2.3.3 Obligation under defined benefit plan (see note 5.9)

The Modaraba's obligation under the defined benefit plan is based on assumptions of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increases in remuneration, remaining working lives of employees and discount rates to be used to determine present value of defined benefit obligation.

#### 2.3.4 Provisions (see note 6)

Provisions, other than allowances for impairment, are based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, that is, the amount that the Modaraba would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party.

#### 2.4 Functional currency

These financial statements are prepared in Pak Rupees which is the Modaraba's functional currency.

#### 2.5 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on October 05, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 3 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE DURING THE YEAR.

The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are effective in the current year but are either not relevant to the Modaraba or their application does not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Modaraba other than presentation and disclosures.

#### Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (Amendments to IAS 12 - Income Taxes)

IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 - Intangible Assets have been amended to clarify the following aspects:

- Unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value and measured at cost for tax purposes give rise to a deductible temporary difference regardless of whether the debt instrument's holder expects to recover the carrying amount of the debt instrument by sale or by use.
- The carrying amount of an asset does not limit the estimation of probable future taxable profits.
- Estimates for future taxable profits exclude tax deductions resulting from the reversal of deductible temporary differences.
- An entity assesses a deferred tax asset in combination with other deferred tax assets. Where tax law restricts the utilisation of tax losses, an entity would assess a deferred tax asset in combination with other deferred tax assets of the same type.

#### Disclosure initiative (Amendments to IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows)

IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows have been amended to clarify that entities shall provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

#### Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle (IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities)

IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities have been amended to clarify the scope of the standard by specifying that the disclosure requirements in the standard, except for those in paragraphs B10–B16, apply to an entity's interests listed in paragraph 5 that are classified as held for sale, as held for distribution or as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5 - Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

#### Companies Act, 2017

The Companies Act 2017 ['the Act'] was enacted on May 30, 2017. The Act has brought certain changes with regard to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements. The disclosure requirements contained in the fourth schedule of the Act have been revised, resulting in elimination of duplicative disclosure with the IFRS disclosure requirements and incorporation of additional/amended disclosures including, but not limited to, management assessment of sufficiency of tax provision in the financial statements (see note 30.1), additional disclosure requirements for related parties (see note 32), disclosure of significant events and transactions affecting the financial position and performance of the Company (see note 6) etc.

#### 4 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS NOT YET EFFECTIVE.

The following standards, interpretations and amendments are in issue which are not effective as at the reporting date and have not been early adopted by the Modaraba.





	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (2014)	July 01, 2018
IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (2014)	July 01, 2018
IFRS 16 – Leases (2016)	January 01, 2019
IFRS 17 – Insurance contracts (2017)	January 01, 2021
Sale or contribution of assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures)	
Clarifications to IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 01, 2018
IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advances Consideration	January 01, 2018
IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 01, 2019
Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (Amendments to IFRS 2 - Share based Payment)	e- January 01, 2018
Applying IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' with IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts' (Amendments to IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts)	- July 01, 2018
Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40 - Investment Property)	January 01, 2018
Annual Improvements to IFRS 2014–2016 Cycle	January 01, 2018
Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments to IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments)	January 01, 2019
Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments to IAS 28 - Investments in Associate and Joint Ventures)	es January 01, 2019
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 – 2017 Cycle	January 01, 2019
Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments to IAS 19 - Employee Benefits)	January 01, 2019
Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards	January 01, 2020

Other than afore mentioned standards, interpretations and amendments, IABS has also issued the following standards which have not been notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ['SECP']:

IFRS 1 - First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards IFRS 14 - Regulatory Defferal Accounts

The Modaraba intends to adopt these new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments on their effective dates, subject to, where required, notification by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under section 225 of the Companies Act, 2017 regarding their adoption. The management anticipates that, except as stated below, the adoption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements other than in presentation/disclosures.

#### IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (2014)

IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: *Recognition and Measurement*. The standard contains requirements in the following areas:

- **Classification and measurement:** Financial assets are classified by reference to the business model within which they are held and their cash flow characteristics. The standard introduces a 'fair value through comprehensive income' category for certain debt instruments. Financial liabilities are classified in a similar manner to under IAS 39, however there are differences in the requirements applying to measurement of entity's own credit risk.
- **Impairment:** IFRS 9 introduces an 'expected credit loss' model for the measurement of the impairment of financial assets, so it is no longer necessary for a credit loss to have occurred before a credit loss is recognized.
- **Hedge accounting:** IFRS 9 introduces a new hedge accounting model that is designed to be more closely aligned with how entities undertake risk management activities when hedging financial and non-financial risk exposure.
- **Derecognition:** The requirements for the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are carried forward from IAS 39.
- 26 Annual Report 2018

#### First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba



Adoption of this IFRS 9 may result in material adjustment to carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities. However, the financial impact of the same cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty at this stage.

#### 5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

#### 5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and deposits maintained with banks. Cash equivalents are short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investments and other purposes.

#### 5.2 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency of the Modaraba using exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at fair value are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the date the fair value is determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at fair value are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the date the fair value is determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at historical cost are translated to functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the date of initial recognition. Any gain or loss arising on translation of foreign currency transactions and balances is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 5.3 Financial instruments

#### 5.3.1 Recognition

A financial instrument is recognized when the Modaraba becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### 5.3.2 Classification

The Modaraba classifies its financial instruments into following classes depending on the purpose for which the financial assets and liabilities are acquired or incurred. The Modaraba determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition.

#### (a) Loans and receivables

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Assets in this category are presented as current assets except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date, where these are presented as non-current assets.

#### (b) Available for sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as such on initial recognition or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to the needs for liquidity or change in price.

#### (c) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Non-derivative financial liabilities that are not financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial liabilities in this category are presented as current liabilities except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date where these are presented as non-current liabilities.

#### 5.3.3 Measurement

The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each instrument.

#### 5.3.4 De-recognition

Financial assets are de-recognized if the Modaraba's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or if the Modaraba transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of financial assets is recognized in profit or loss.



#### 5.3.5 Off-setting

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if the Modaraba has legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 5.3.6 'Regular way' purchases and sales of financial assets

'Regular way' purchases and sales of financial assets are those contracts which require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by the regulation or convention in the market. 'Regular way' purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on trade dates.

#### 5.4 Membership assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### 5.5 Assets leased out under ijarah contracts

Assets leased out are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss over shorter of ijarah (lease) term or useful life by applying straight line method. In respect of additions and sales/transfers during the year, depreciation is charged proportionately to the period of ijarah (lease).

#### 5.6 Ijarah rentals and murabahah finance receivables

ljarah rentals and murabahah finance receivables are classified as 'loans and receivables' and are stated net off provision and suspense income. Provision is recognised in accordance with the Prudencial Regulations for Modarbas.

#### 5.7 Property and equipment

These comprise operating fixed assets of the Modaraba.

Property and equipment except for the land and capital work-in-progress are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and includes other costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction, erection and installation. Land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Major renewals and improvements to operating fixed assets are recognized in the carrying amount if it is probable that the embodied future economic benefits will flow to the Modaraba and the cost of renewal or improvement can be measured reliably. The cost of the day-to-day servicing of operating fixed assets are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

The Modaraba recognizes depreciation in profit or loss by applying reducing balance method over the useful life of each operating fixed asset using rates specified in note 17.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions to operating fixed assets is charged from the month in which the item becomes available for use. Depreciation is discontinued from the month in which it is disposed or classified as held for disposal.

An operating fixed asset is de-recognized when permanently retired from use. Any gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 5.8 Accrued and other liabilities

#### 5.8.1 Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

#### 5.8.2 Non-financial liabilities

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction cost.



#### 5.9 Employees retirement benefits

#### 5.9.1 Short term employee benefits

The Modaraba recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees as a liability after deducting amount already paid and as an expense in profit or loss as permitted or required by the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. If the amount paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of benefits, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment would lead to a reduction in future payments or cash refund.

#### 5.9.2 Post employment benefits

#### (a) Defined benefit plan

The Modaraba operates a leave encashment facility, a defined benefit plan, for all of its employees. Under the scheme, the Modaraba pays a lump-sum benefit as leave encashment for unutilized privilege leaves accrued upto the end of service, subject to the maximum permissible accumulation of 90 days. The scheme is administered by the management of the Modaraba under the supervision and directions of the Board of Directors of the Management Company. The amount recognized on balance sheet represents present value of defined benefit obligation. The details of the scheme are referred to in note to the financial statements.

#### (b) Defined contribution plan

The Modaraba operates a provident fund scheme for all its employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Modaraba and the employees at the rate of 10% of basic salary. Contributions are recognized in profit or loss. The fund is administered by the Trustees.

#### 6.0 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Modaraba has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision is recognized at an amount that is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Where outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable, a contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of outflow is remote.

#### 5.20 Certificate capital

Certificate capital is recognized as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of certificates are recognized as deduction from the equity.

#### 5.21 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns allowances, trade discounts and rebates, and represents amounts received or receivable for goods and services provided and other operating income earned in the normal course of business. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Modaraba, and the amount of revenue and the associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

Revenue from different sources is recognized as follows:

- **5.21.1** Ijarah rentals are recognized over the period of lease as and when the related rentals become due.
- 5.21.2 Profit on murabahah and musharaka finances is recognized on time proportion basis as and when accrued.
- 5.21.3 Return on saving accounts is recognized on time proportion basis as and when accrued.

#### 5.22 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### 5.22.1 Current taxation

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for current tax is based on current rates of taxation in Pakistan after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as an asset.



#### 5.22.2 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet approach providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income that is subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the treatment prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Deferred tax is measured at rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### 5.23 Earnings per certificate ['EPC']

Basic EPC is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to certificate holders of the Modaraba by the weighted average number of certificates outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPC is calculated by adjusting basic EPC by the weighted average number of certificates that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential certificates into certificates and post-tax effect of changes in profit or loss attributable to certificate holders of the Modaraba that would result from conversion of all dilutive potential certificates.

#### 5.24 Impairment

#### 5.24.1 Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at fair value is determined by reference to that fair value. All impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses in respect of Musharakah, Murabahah and Ijarah finances are determined by reference to the borrowers' payment/credit history, adequacy of security and requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 5.24.2 Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Modaraba's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets in a unit on a pro rata basis. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used in determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to that extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 5.25 Profit distribution to certificate holders

Profit distribution to certificate holders is recognized as a deduction from accumulated profit in statement of changes in equity and as a liability, to the extent it is unclaimed/unpaid, in the Modaraba's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

#### 6 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND TRANSACTIONS

The following significant events and transactions have affected the Company's financial position and performance during the year.

During the year, the Modaraba sold its Islamabad Stock Exchange ['ISE'] membership assets including ordinary shares and room in ISE. A net gain of Rs 42.89 million was made on sale.



		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
7	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		311,134	389
	Cash at bank			
	current accounts in local currency	7.1	10,196	6,372
	deposit/saving accounts in local currency	7.2	9,719,197	17,645
			9,729,393	24,017
			10,040,527	24,406

#### 7.1 This represents deposit maintained with State Bank of Pakistan.

7.2 Effective markup rate in respect of deposit/saving accounts, for the year is 6% to 7% (2017: 6% to 7%) per annum.

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
8	SHORT TERM FINANCES UNDER MURABAHAH ARRANGEMENTS	- SECURED		
	Considered good		10,100,000	-
	Considered doubtful	8.2	251,754,232	293,484,231
			261,854,232	293,484,231
			261,854,232	293,484,231
	Accumulated impairment	8.3 & 8.4	(193,970,884)	(200,244,393)
			67,883,348	93,239,838

8.1 These represent receivables against murabahah transactions on deferred payment basis at a specified margin. These are secured against mortgage of property, demand promissory notes and personal guarantees. Profit margin on murabahah transactions ranges from 12.98% to 19% (2017: 12.98% to 19%) per annum.

- 8.2 These include an amount of Rs. 35 million (2017: Rs. 35 million) advanced to Enplan (Private) Limited against Murabahah facility under the terms of settlement agreement dated April 01, 2011. It is secured against equitable as well as registered mortgage over land and building thereon measuring 4 kanals and 1 marla. It carries mark up at the rate of one year 12.98% per annum. Principal as well as profit is receivable in one bullet payment on expiry of the facility (see note 17.3.1).
- 8.3 This includes provision of Rs. 192 million (2017: 192 million) in respect of classified facilities of First Hajveri Modaraba. Certain recovery suits in this respect are pending adjudication in the Honourable Lahore High Court and Banking Court, which are likely to be decided in the Modaraba's favour. However, due to inadequate securities, chances of substantial recoveries are slim.

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
8.4	Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:			
	As at beginning of the year		200,244,393	199,264,312
	Recognized during the year		1,216,652	980,081
	Reversed during the year		(7,490,161)	-
	As at end of the year		193,970,884	200,244,393
9	IJARAH RENTALS RECEIVABLE - SECURED			
	Considered good		1,225,740	101,696
	Considered doubtful		36,125,495	36,168,780
			37,351,235	36,270,476
	Accumulated impairment	9.2	(36,125,495)	(36,168,780

Annual Report 2018 31



		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
9.1	These are secured against assets leased out under ijarah contracts.			
9.2	Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:			
	As at the beginning of the year		36,168,780	37,065,650
	Recognized during the year		162,459	255,728
	Reversed during the year		(205,744)	(1,152,598)
	As at the end of the year		36,125,495	36,168,780
0	PROFIT RECEIVABLE			
	Considered good		437,500	43,820
	Considered doubtful		19,808,177	19,945,295
			20,245,677	19,989,115
	Accumulated impairment	10.1	(19,808,177)	(19,945,295)
			437,500	43,820
0.1	Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:			
	As at the beginning of the year		19,945,295	20,210,295
	Reversed during the year		(137,118)	(265,000)
	As at the end of the year		19,808,177	19,945,295
1	PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Prepayments		-	77,336
	Receivable from clients - secured	11.1	7,244,723	9,156,059
	Receivable from Hajveri Modaraba	11.2	3,206,064	3,206,064
	Management Company (Private) Limited - secured			
	Other receivables		1,778,410	535,525
			12,229,197	12,974,984

11.1 These represent receivables from brokerage clients. These are secured against respective listed shares of the clients.

			2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
11.1.1	Receivable from clients - secured			
	Considered good Considered doubtful		7,244,723 9,624,907	9,156,059 7,126,181
	Accumulated impairment	11.1.1.1	16,869,630 (9,624,907)	16,282,240 (7,126,181)
			7,244,723	9,156,059
11.1.1.1	Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:			
	As at the beginning of the year Recognized during the year		7,126,181 2,498,726	7,126,181 -
	As at the end of the year		9,624,907	7,126,181

**11.2** This represents amount withdrawn by Hajveri Modaraba Management Company (Private) Limited ('the Previous management Company') of First Hajveri Modaraba ('the Modaraba') from time to time during prior years out of the Modaraba's fund on account of remuneration in violation of the section 18 of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980.

The present Management Company has filed a civil law suit against the previous Management Company for recovery of the amount which has been returned for want of jurisdiction. The Modaraba has filed an appeal in the Lahore High Court against the decision of the civil court. The appeal has been adjourned with a date in office.



The present Management Company came in possession of 2,053,200 certificates of Erstwhile First Hajveri Modaraba subsequently converted into 578,041 certificates of First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba on amalgamation. The present Management Company has prayed to the Court that these certificates be attached and sold for adjustment of claim of the Modaraba. The suit was returned by the civil court with the objection that the same should be filed with the Modaraba Tribunal. The present Management Company has filed an appeal against this order in the Honourable Lahore High Court which is pending adjudication.

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
12	CURRENT PORTION OF NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
	Long term loans to employees - secured	13	106,951	37,078
		-	106,951	37,078
13	LONG TERM ADVANCES AND DEPOSITS			
	Long term loans to employees - secured	13.1	325,467	180,128
	Security deposits	13.2	37,500	857,500
			362,967	1,037,628
	Current portion presented under current assets	13.1.1 & 12	(106,951)	(37,078)
			256,016	1,000,550

**13.1** These represent loans to employees for personal purposes as per the Modaraba's policy. These carry profit rate of 5% per annum. These loans are repayable in 36 equal installments.

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
13.1.1	Current portion presented under current assets comprises the following:			
	Long term loans to employees		106,951	37,078
		-	106,951	37,078
13.2	Security deposits			
	Considered good	[	37,500	857,500
	Considered doubtful	l	820,000	-
			857,500	857,500
	Accumulated impairment	13.2.1	(820,000)	-
		-	37,500	857,500
13.2.1	Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:			
	As at the beginning of the year		-	-
	Recognized during the year		820,000	-
	As at the end of the year	-	820,000	-
14	LONG TERM INVESTMENT			
	Islamabad Stock Exchange - unquoted			
	(3,034,603 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each)	14.1		5,750,000

14.1 Persuant to the promulgation of the Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012 ['the Act'], the ownership rights in a stock exchange were segregated from right to trade on the stock exchange. This arrangement resulted in allocation of 3,034,603 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each and Trading Right Entitlement Certificate ['TREC'] to the Company by the Islamabad Stock Exchange Limited ['ISE'] against cancelation/surrender of membership of ISE. These shares have been sold during the year to a third party for Rs. 15,931,665.

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
15	MEMBERSHIP ASSETS			
	Membership of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited		1,010,000	1,010,000
	Room at Islamabad Stock Exchange		-	2,770,000
	Room at Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited		2,500,000	2,500,000
			3,510,000	6,280,000

15.1 During the year, the Modaraba has sold its rights to the Room at Islamabad Stock Exchange to a third party for Rs. 35,961,988.



### First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba

#### 16 ASSETS LEASED OUT UNDER IJARAH CONTRACTS

					2018				Carrying
		CO	ST				AMORTIZATION		
	As at July 01 <i>Rupees</i>	Additions <i>Rupees</i>	Disposals <i>Rupees</i>	As at June 30 <i>Rupe</i> es	As at July 01 <i>Rupees</i>	For the year <i>Rupees</i>	Adjustment <i>Rupees</i>	As at June 30 <i>Rupees</i>	value as at June 30 <i>Rupe</i> es
Vehicles	6,005,612	72,529,000	(675,452)	77,859,160	3,246,691	3,171,606	(133,024)	6,285,273	71,573,887
Office equipment	64,000	-		64,000	57,142	-		57,142	6,858
Machinery	4,268,022	5,120,000	(200,000)	9,188,022	3,024,690	634,101	(163,442)	3,495,349	5,692,673
	10,337,634	77,649,000	(875,452)	87,111,182	6,328,523	3,805,707	(296,466)	9,837,764	77,273,418
					2017				
		CO	ST		2017	AMORT	IZATION		Carrying
	As at July 01 Rupees	Additions Rupees	Disposals <i>Rupees</i>	As at June 30 <i>Rupees</i>	As at July 01 <i>Rupees</i>	For the year <i>Rupees</i>	Adjustment Rupees	As at June 30 <i>Rupees</i>	value as at June 30 <i>Rupees</i>
Vehicles	11,723,798		(5,718,186)	6,005,612	5,463,350	834,787	(3,051,446)	3,246,691	2,758,921
Office equipment	187,900	-	(123,900)	64,000	150,429	20,213	(113,500)	57,142	6,858
Machinery	5,062,771		(794,749)	4,268,022	2,773,971	639,378	(388,659)	3,024,690	1,243,332
	16,974,469	·	(6,636,835)	10,337,634	8,387,750	1,494,378	(3,553,605)	6,328,523	4,009,111

16.1 Disposals represent assets disposed through negotiation after expiry/termination of ijarah contracts. However, in view of large number of disposals, detail of each disposal have not been presented.

		Note 2018	2017
17 PROPERTY AND	EQUIPMENT	Rupees	Rupees
Operating fixed a	ssets	17.1 480,051	571,593
Capital work in pr	ogress	17.3 <b>224,000,000</b>	224,000,000
		224,480,051	224,571,593
17.1 Operating fixed	assets		

						2018				
		CC	DST				DEPRECIATIO	N/IMPAIRMENT		Net book
	As at			As at		As at			As at	value as at
	July 01	Additions	Disposals	June 30	Rate	July 01	For the year	Adjustment	June 30	June 30
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	%age	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Furniture and fixtures	760,979	-	(481,281)	279,698	10	695,074	40,352	(481,281)	254,145	25,553
Computers and office equipment	5,674,186	354,000	(5,538,237)	489,949	20 , 10	5,397,306	128,238	(5,415,967)	109,577	380,372
Vehicles	2,676,412	-	(1,903,000)	773,412	20	2,447,604	154,682	(1,903,000)	699,286	74,126
	9,111,577	354,000	(7,922,518)	1,543,059		8,539,984	323,272	(7,800,248)	1,063,008	480,051

						2017				
		CC	DST				DEPRECIATIO	N/IMPAIRMENT		Net book
	As at			As at		As at			As at	value as at
	July 01	Additions	Disposals	June 30	Rate	July 01	For the year	Adjustment	June 30	June 30
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	%age	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Furniture and fixtures	760,979	-	-	760,979	10	643,501	51,573	-	695,074	65,905
Computers and office equipment	5,646,186	28,000	-	5,674,186	20 , 10	5,208,382	188,924	-	5,397,306	276,880
Vehicles	3,026,412	-	(350,000)	2,676,412	20	2,642,911	154,693	(350,000)	2,447,604	228,808
	9,433,577	28,000	(350,000)	9,111,577		8,494,794	395,190	(350,000)	8,539,984	571,593

17.1.1 The cost of operating fixed assets includes fully depreciated assets of Rs. 7,677,978 (2017: Rs. 6,018,368) which are still in use of the Modaraba.

#### 17.2 Disposal of operating fixed assets

					2018		
		Accumulated	Net	Disposal	Loss on	Mode of	
Particulars	Cost	depreciation	book value	proceeds	disposal	disposal	Particulars of buyer
Office equipment	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
Miscellaneous items	244,540	122,270	122,270	53,493	68,777	Negotiation	Mr. Javed Ahmed 55 Gulberg II, Canal Bank, Lahore.
	244,540	122,270	122,270	53,493	68,777		
					2017		
		Accumulated	Net	Disposal	Gain on	Mode of	
	Cost	depreciation	book value	proceeds	disposal	disposal	Particulars of buyer
Vehicles	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
Diahatsu Cuore	350,000	350,000	-	100,000	100,000	Negotiation	Mr. Adeel Ahmed (Employee)
	350,000	350,000		100,000	100,000		



		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
17.3	Capital work in progress			

Corporate Tower, Lahore Villas at Murree	17.3.1 17.3.2	204,000,000 20,000,000	204,000,000 20,000,000
Advance against purchase of property	17.3.3	4,500,000	4,500,000
Impairment allowance		228,500,000 (4,500,000)	228,500,000 (4,500,000)
		224,000,000	224,000,000

17.3.1 This includes an advance against purchase of ground floor, measuring 10,221 square feet, in Corporate Tower ['the Tower'], Garden Town, Lahore by settlement of total share of Musharaka Investment of Rs. 99 million to Enplan (Private) Limited and takeover of exposure of Trust Investment Bank Limited to Enplan (Private) Limited of Rs. 105 million through settlement agreement dated June 28, 2012. On June 29, 2012, the Modaraba entered into an agreement to sell and buy back the ground floor of the tower with Enplan (Private) Limited. According to the terms of agreement, Enplan (Private) Limited shall complete the tower within 18 months of the date of agreement. The Modaraba is also entitled to have the sale deed of the floor executed in its name and it has constructive possession of the property.

The Modaraba has also extended murabahah facilities to Enplan (Private) Limited as per agreed terms for completion of the tower (see note 8.2). If the floor is not purchased by Enplan (Private) Limited within required time, the Modaraba has a right to sell the floor to any third party. Enplan (Private) Limited also has an option to repurchase the floor after the said period of 18 months at an agreed price of Rs. 204 million plus profit of 15% per annum for the period from the date of the agreement till the actual settlement. The Modaraba has registered an equitable mortgage over the property of the tower.

Due to economic situation and non-availability of credit facilities, the construction of the property could not commence and the work has stalled at plinth level. However, after the structural improvement of road network the value of the property has appreciated due to its location and accessibility.

The Modaraba has filed recovery suits for amounts aggregating to Rs. 417 million before Banking Court/Modaraba Tribunal/Lahore High Court against Enplan (Private) Limited.

A criminal complaint has also been file against the directors of Enplan (Private) Limited for prosecution against criminal misrepresentation and breach of trust.

The above suits/complains are pending for hearing.

Enplan (Private) Limited has also filed a counter suit against the Modaraba for recovery of alleged losses and damages to the tune of Rs. 2.86 billion.

- **17.3.2** This represents property under construction comprising land measuring 1 kanal and 8 marlas acquired for Rs. 20 million. During the year, the Modaraba has entered into a contract for sale of these villas to a third party for Rs. 24.5 million.
- **17.3.3** This represents an advance to Rahman Construction company against purchase and construction of property amounting to Rs. 4.5 million which has been fully provided by the management during the previous periods as the chances of recovery of these advance are slim.

-		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
18	ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Due to customers	18.1	30,178	1,308,419
	Advance ijarah rentals and security deposits		1,056,025	102,588
	Advance against sale of Villas at Murree		2,500,000	-
	Managment Company's remuneration payable		3,706,844	-
	Accrued liabilities		3,579,070	9,932,594
	Workers' welfare fund payable		177,149	177,149
	Others		169,367	967,847
			11,218,633	12,488,597

**18.1** These represent payable to brokerage clients.



		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
19	CURRENT PORTION OF NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	Security deposits under ijarah contracts	20	1,187,208	327,528
			1,187,208	327,528
20	SECURITY DEPOSITS			
	Security deposits under ijarah contracts		19,572,158	1,591,628
	Current maturity presented under current liabilities	19	(1,187,208)	(327,528)
			18,384,950	1,264,100

# 21 EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Modaraba operates a leave encashment facility, a defined benefit plan, for all of its employees. Under the scheme, the Modaraba pays a lump-sum benefit as leave encashment for unutilized privilege leaves accrued upto the end of service, subject to the maximum permissible accumulation of 90 days. The scheme is administered by the management of the Modaraba under the supervision and directions of the Board of Directors of the Management Company. The amount recognized in balance sheet represents present value of defined benefit obligation.

	Note	2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees
Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation			
As at beginning of the year		1,010,925	1,204,199
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year	21.2	299,926	(191,774)
Paid during the year		(741,999)	(1,500)
As at end of the year		568,852	1,010,925
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year			
Current service cost		65,518	72,580
Interest cost		49,594	87,250
Actuarial gain		184,814	(351,604)
		299,926	(191,774)
	As at beginning of the year Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year Paid during the year As at end of the year <b>Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year</b> Current service cost Interest cost	Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation         As at beginning of the year         Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year         Paid during the year         As at end of the year         Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year         Current service cost         Interest cost	Movement in present value of defined benefit obligationRupeesAs at beginning of the year1,010,925Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year21.2Paid during the year(741,999)As at end of the year568,852Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year568,852Charged/(credited) to profit or loss for the year568,852Current service cost65,518Interest cost49,594Actuarial gain184,814

#### 21.3 Principal actuarial assumptions

Present value of defined benefit obligation has been determined using projected unit credit method. The liability as at the reporting date is based on actuarial valuation carried out by independent actuaries. The principal assumptions used in determining present value of defined benefit obligation are:

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Discount rate	9.00%	7.75%
Expected rates of increase in salary	8.00%	6.75%
Average number of leaves (in days) un-utilized per annum	10 days	10 days
Expected average remaining working lives	9 years	9.5 years

## 21.4 Sensitivity analysis

An analysis of sensitivity for discount rate and expected rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of defined benefit obligations as at the reporting date showing how the defined benefit obligation would have been affected by changes in relevant actuarial assumption that were reasonably possible at that date is as follows:



	2018		2017	
	Change	Defined	Change	Defined
	in actuarial	benefit	in actuarial	benefit
	assumption	obligation	assumption	obligation
		Rupees		Rupees
Discount rate	+ 1%	522,047	+ 1%	921,638
	- 1%	621,862	- 1%	1,113,242
Expected rates of increase in salary	+ 1%	621,317	+ 1%	1,112,239
	- 1%	521,720	- 1%	920,963

A change in expected remaining working lives of employees and average number of leaves un-utilized per annum is not expected to have a material impact on the present value of defined benefit obligations. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis for the same has not been carried out.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligations as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligations as at the reporting date has been calculated using projected unit credit method, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligations to be recognized in these financial statements.

# 22 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

# 22.1 Contingencies

There are no significant contingencies as at the reporting date except those as disclosed in note 17.3 to these financial statements.

## 22.2 Commitments

There are no significant commitments as at the reporting date except for those under ijarah contracts regarding use by lessees of assets leased out under ijarah contracts against future rentals, which are as follows:

	Note	2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees
	Future Ijarah rentals receivable		
	Not later than one year	546,623	1,874,065
	Later than one year but not later than five years	74,716,051	1,594,707
	Later than five years	22,336,307	-
		97,598,981	3,468,772
23	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL		
	Modaraba certificates of Rs. 10 each		
	16,656,491 (2017: 16,656,491) certificates issued for cash	166,564,910	166,564,910
	3,976,908 (2017: 3,976,908) certificates issued as full paid bonus certificates	39,769,080	39,769,080
	5,780,405 (2017: 5,780,405) certificates issued on amalgamation of First Hajveri Modaraba	57,804,050	57,804,050
		264,138,040	264,138,040
		Annual Rep	ort 2018   37



		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
24	RESERVES			
	Capital reserves			
	Statutory reserve	24.1	94,390,226	79,377,508
	Revenue reserve			
	Accumulated loss		(1,505,938)	(19,854,815)
			92,884,288	59,522,693

24.1 This represents special reserve created in compliance with the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. During the year Mudaraba have transferred amount of Rs.15,012,718 which represents 45% of the profit after taxation for the year.

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
25	OTHER INCOME			
	Gain on financial instruments			
	Return on bank deposits		413,751	168
	Markup on loans to employees		1,221	2,990
			414,972	3,158
	Other income			
	Fees, commission and other incomes		198,350	1,246,559
	Gain on sale of property and equipment		-	100,000
	Gain on sale of long term investment	14	10,181,665	-
	Gain on sale of membership assets	15	32,708,186	-
	Dividend income		303,460	-
			43,391,661	1,346,559
			43,806,633	1,349,717
26	ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
	Salaries and benefits	26.1	6,578,679	6,694,966
	Rent, rates and taxes		204,246	162,170
	Utilities		374,454	353,099
	Repair and maintenance		404,852	32,310
	Printing and stationery		343,845	249,876
	Communication		124,158	76,223
	Travelling and conveyance		314,062	24,400
	Advertisement		132,410	39,552
	Fee and subscription		280,106	327,999
	Entertainment		158,427	131,754
	Auditors' remuneration	26.2	592,300	592,300
	Legal and professional charges		1,872,790	589,530
	Depreciation		323,272	395,190
	Others		640,826	468,882
	Others		,	,

**26.1** These include charges/(credit) in respect of employees retirement benefits amounting to Rs. 299,926 (Rs. 2017: 191,774) and contribution to provident fund amounting to Rs. 588,320 (2017: Rs. 717,056).



		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
26.2	Auditors' remuneration			
	Annual statutory Audit		315,000	315,000
	Limited scope review		132,300	132,300
	Review report under Code of Corporate Governance		105,000	105,000
	Out of pocket expenses		40,000	40,000
			592,300	592,300
27	OTHER EXPENSES			
	Loss on disposal of property and equipment	17.2	68,777	-
			68,777	-
28	FINANCIAL CHARGES			
	Bank charges		36,942	6,194
			36,942	6,194
29	CHANGES IN IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCE FOR NON-PERFORMING A	SSETS		
	As at the beginning of the year		263,484,649	263,666,438
	Impairment recognised during the year Impairment reversed during the year		4,697,837 (7,833,023)	1,235,809 (1,417,598
	Net change in impairment allowance during the year		(3,135,186)	(181,789)
	As at the end of the year		260,349,463	263,484,649
29.1	Break-up of impairment allowance as at end of the year			
	Short term finances under murabahah arrangements	8.4	193,970,884	200,244,393
	ljarah rentals receivable	9.2	36,125,495	36,168,780
	Receivables from clients	11.1.1	9,624,907	7,126,181
	Advances and deposits Profit receivable		820,000	-
			19,808,177	19,945,295
			260,349,463	263,484,649
29.2	Break-up of impairment recognised during the year			
	Short term finances under murabahah arrangements	8.4	1,216,652	980,081
	ljarah rentals receivable	9.2	162,459	255,728
	Receivables from clients		2,498,726	-
	Advances and deposits Profit receivable	10.1	820,000 -	-
			4,697,837	1,235,809
				.,200,000
29.3	Break-up of impairment reversed during the year			
	Short term finances under murabahah arrangements	8.4	7,490,161	-
	ljarah rentals receivable Profit receivable	9.2 10.1	205,744	1,152,598
	FIUILTELEIVADIE	10.1	137,118	265,000
			7,833,023	1,417,598



		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
30	TAXATION			
	Current taxation	30.1	-	-
	Deferred taxation attributable to change in tax rates attributable to origination and reversal of temporary differences	[	-	-
			-	-
			-	-

30.1 No provision for current tax has been made for the current year in these financial statements as the income of non-trading Modaraba is exempt from income tax under clause 100 of Part I of Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, if the Modaraba distributes atleast 90% of its profits, as reduced by the amount transferred to the statutary reseve, as cash dividends to the certificate holders. No provision for current taxation for the year ended June 30, 2017 was recognized as the provisions of minimum tax under section 113 and 113C are not applicable to the Modaraba as per sub clause (xiii) of clause 11A of part IV of the second schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. According to management, the provision for current taxation made in the financial statements is sufficient to discharge tax liability. A comparison of last three years of provision for current taxation with tax assessed is presented below:

	2017	2016	2015
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Provision for current taxation as per financial statements	-	-	-
Tax assessment under the Ordinance	-	-	-

**30.2** The Modaraba has carry forward losses against which a deferred tax asset amouting to Rs. 27.351 million (2017: Rs. 37.45 million) may be created. However, the Modaraba has not recognized the deferred tax asset as the temporary differences are not expected to be reversed in foreseeable future due to non-availability of taxable profits against which the temporary differences may be utilized.

		Unit	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
31	EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER CERTIFICATE - BASIC AND DILUTED			
	Earnings/(loss) attributable to certificate holders	Rupees	33,361,595	(8,147,068)
	Weighted average number of certificates outstanding during the year	No. of shares	26,413,804	26,413,804
	Earnings/(loss) per certificate - basic	Rupees	1.26	(0.31)

There is no dilutive/anti-dilutive effect on the basic earnings/(loss) per certificate as the Modaraba has not issued any instrument which would have an impact on its earnings per certificate.

# 32 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties from the Modaraba's perspective comprise the Management Company, Key Management Personnel and Provident Fund Trust. Transactions and balances with related parties other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel under the terms of employment and employee retirement benefits as disclosed in and respectively. The details of Modaraba's related parties, with whom the Modaraba had transactions during the year or has balances outstanding as at the reporting date are as follows:





Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Basis of relationship	Aggregate %age of shareholding in the Modaraba
Employess Providend Fund Trust	Provident Fund Trust	Contribution to providend fund	N/A
idelity Capital Management (Private) Limite	d Management Company	Share holding	22.22%
ounas Choudhary	Key management personnel	Employee	N/A
az Fazal	Key management personnel	Employee	N/A
yas Shafique	Key management personnel	Employee	N/A

Details of transactions and balances with related parties is as follows:

			Note	2018	2017
		、		Rupees	Rupees
32.1	Transactions with related	parties			
	Nature of relationship	Nature of balances			
	Provident Fund Trust	Contribution for the year		477,036	717,056
	Officers and employees	ljarah rentals received		728,830	682,897
	Management Company	Managment Company's remuneration		3,706,844	-
32.2	Balances with related part	ies			
	Officers and employees	ljarah rentals receivables ljarah rentals suspensed		97,402 97,402	107,447 107,447
	Provident Fund Trust	Contribution payable		163,284	1,463,708
	Management Company	Managment Company's remuneration payable		3,706,844	-
33	CASH GENERATED FROM	OPERATIONS			
	Loss before taxation			33,361,595	(8,147,068)
	Adjustments for non-cash	and other items			
	Depreciation			323,272	395,190
		ased out under ijarah contracts		3,805,707	1,494,378
	Loss/(gain) on disposal of			68,777 (40,484,665)	(100,000)
	Gain on disposal of long Gain on disposal of mem			(10,181,665) (32,708,186)	-
		non-performing receivables		(3,135,186)	(181,789)
	-	loyees retirement benefits		299,926	(191,774)
	Dividend income			(303,460)	-
				(41,830,815)	1,416,005
	Operating loss before cha	nges in working capital		(8,469,220)	(6,731,063)
	Changes in working capita	al			
	Finances under murabah			31,629,999	1,218,847
	ljarah rentals receivable			(1,080,759)	901,975
	Profit receivable on mura			(256,562)	355,047
		ayments and other receivables		(1,752,939)	265,888
	Long term advances and	•		(145,339)	98,841
	Accrued and other liabiliti	es		(1,269,964)	2,982,739
	Security deposits			17,980,530 45,104,966	(2,214,261) 3,609,076
	Cash generated from/(use	d in) operations		36,635,746	(3,121,987)
34	CASH AND CASH EQUIVA				<u>`</u> <u>`</u>
	Cash and bank balances		7	10,040,527	24,406
				· · · ·	
				10,040,527	24,406

Annual Report 2018 41



	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Loans and receivables		
Cash at bank	9,729,393	24,017
Short term finances under murabahah arrangements	261,854,232	293,484,231
ljarah rentals receivable	37,351,235	36,270,476
Profit receivable on murabahah finances	20,245,677	19,989,115
Security deposits	37,500	857,500
Receivable from clients	16,869,630	16,282,240
Other receivables	1,778,410	535,525
	347,866,077	367,443,104

## 36.1.2 Concentration of credit risk

The Modaraba identifies concentrations of credit risk by reference to type of counter party and balances with customers are further analyzed by reference to industry distribution. Maximum exposure to credit risk by type of counterparty is as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Customers	338,099,184	366,561,587
Utility companies and regulatory authorities	37,500	857,500
Banking companies and financial institutions	9,729,393	24,017
	347,866,077	367,443,104

Concentration of credit risk in respect of balances with customers by industry distribution is as follows:

			2018		
	ljarah	Finances under			
	rentals	Murabahah	Profit	Others	
	receivable	arrangements	receivable	receivables	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Services	-	217,404,232	-	-	217,404,232
Textile	-	9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000
Construction	-	9,800,000	-	-	9,800,000
Individuals	37,351,235	25,650,000	20,245,677	18,648,040	101,894,952
	37,351,235	261,854,232	20,245,677	18,648,040	338,099,184
			2017		
	ljarah	Finances under			
	rentals	Murabahah	Profit	Others	
	receivable	arrangements	receivable	receivables	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Services	-	222,404,231	-	-	222,404,231
Textile	-	9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000
Construction	-	9,800,000	-	-	9,800,000
Individuals	36,270,476	52,280,000	19,989,115	16,817,765	125,357,356
	36,270,476	293,484,231	19,989,115	16,817,765	366,561,587

# 36.1.3 Credit quality and impairment

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, except for balances with customers where credit quality is assessed by reference to historical information about counterparty default rates and present ages.



# 35 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of the Modaraba's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
35.1	Financial assets			
	Cash in hand	7	311,134	389
	Loans and receivables			
	Cash at bank	7	9,729,393	24,017
	Short term finances under murabahah arrangements	8	67,883,348	93,239,838
	ljarah rentals receivable	9	1,225,740	101,696
	Profit receivable	10	437,500	43,820
	Security deposits	13	37,500	857,500
	Receivable from clients	11	7,244,723	9,156,059
	Other receivables	11	1,778,410	535,525
	Available for sale financial assets			
	Investments in unquoted securities	14	-	5,750,000
			88,647,748	109,708,844
35.2	Financial liabilities			
	Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
	Due to customers	18	30,178	1,308,419
	Accrued and other payables	18	3,579,070	9,932,594
	Managment Company's remuneration payable	18	3,706,844	-
	Unclaimed profit distribution	18	10,652,112	10,673,516
			17,968,204	21,914,529

# 36 FINANCIAL RISK EXPOSURE AND MANAGEMENT

The Modaraba's objective in managing risks is creation and protection of certificate holders' value. Risk is inherent in the Modaraba's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring subject to risk limits and other controls. The process of risk management is critical to Modaraba's continuing profitability. The Modaraba is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk arising from the financial instruments it holds.

The Modaraba primarily invests in ijarah assets, murabahah and money market securities. These are subject to varying degrees of risks. The way these risks affect revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and forecast transactions of the Modaraba and the manner in which these risks are managed is as follows:

# 36.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Modaraba, if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligations.

## 36.1.1 Maximum exposure to credit risk

Credit risk principally arises from the Modarba's loans and receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is as follows:



#### (a) Counterparties with external credit ratings

These include banking companies, which are counterparties to 'cash at bank'. These counterparties have reasonably high credit ratings as determined by various credit rating agencies and management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Modaraba.

#### (b) Counterparties without external credit ratings

These include customers which are counter parties to finances under murabahah and ijara arrangements, profit receivable and other amounts receivable in connection therewith, and utility companies and regulatory authorities which are counter parties to security deposits. Credit risk in respect of security deposits is considered to be insignificant as non-performance by these parties is not expected. The Modaraba is exposed to credit risk in respect of balances with customers. The analysis of ages of customer balances as at the reporting date is as follows:

	20	2018		7
	Gross	Accumulated	Gross	Accumulated
	carrying amount	Impairment	carrying amount	Impairment
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Neither past due nor impaired	-	-	-	-
Past due by upto 90 days	1,225,740	-	101,696	-
Past due by 90 to 180 days	10,336,716	236,716	139,191	139,191
Past due by 180 days to 1 year	97,402	97,402	113,212	113,212
Past due by 1 to 2 years	-	-	35,472,115	8,429,957
Past due by 2 to 3 years	15,000,000	1,216,653	771,564	236,039
Past due by 3 years or more	311,439,326	257,978,692	329,963,809	254,566,250
	338,099,184	259,529,463	366,561,587	263,484,649

The Management believes that the existing impairment allowance is adequate and no further allowance is necessary.

## 36.1.4 Collateral held

The Modaraba's investments in ijarah assets are secured by registration of title to the underlying assets in the name of Modaraba. Particulars of collateral held against financing under murabahah arrangements and profit receivable thereon is referred to in relevant notes to the financial statements.

#### 36.1.5 Credit risk management

The Modaraba's portfolio of loans and receivables is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk. The Modaraba does not have significant concentration of credit risk with a single counterparty. Formal policies and procedures of credit management and administration of receivables are established and executed. In monitoring customer credit risk, the ageing profile of total receivable balances and individually significant balances, along with collection activities are reported to the Management Company on a monthly basis. High risk customers are identified and restrictions are placed on future financing and credit period extensions.

#### 36.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

#### 36.2.1 Exposure to liquidity risk

The following is the analysis of contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest/markup/profit payments.

			2018		
	Carrying amount <i>Rupees</i>	Contractual cash flows <i>Rup</i> ees	Six months or less <i>Rupees</i>	Six months to one year <i>Rupe</i> es	More than one year <i>Rupe</i> es
Due to customers	30,178	30,178	30,178	-	-
Accrued and other payables	3,579,070	3,579,070	3,579,070	-	-
Managment Company's remuneration payable	3,706,844	3,706,844	3,706,844	-	-
Unclaimed profit distribution	10,652,112	10,652,112	10,652,112	-	-
	17,968,204	17,968,204	17,968,204	-	-



-			2017		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Six months or less	Six months to one year	More than one year
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Due to customers	1,308,419	1,308,419	1,308,419	-	-
Accrued and other payables	9,932,594	9,932,594	9,932,594	-	-
Managment Company's remuneration payable	-	-	-	-	-
Unclaimed profit distribution	10,673,516	10,673,516	10,673,516	-	-
	21,914,529	21,914,529	21,914,529	-	-

#### 36.2.2 Liquidity risk management

The Modaraba manages the liquidity risk by investing the fund to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient resources to meet its liabilities when they fall due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or damage to the Modaraba's reputation.

#### 36.3 Market risk

#### 36.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Modaraba is not exposed to Currency risk.

#### 36.3.2 Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in profit/interest rates. The Modaraba's exposure to profit rate risk is limited as all of its investments in ijarah assets, murabahah are fixed rate instruments.

#### (a) Interest/profit bearing financial instruments

The effective interest/profit rates for interest/profit bearing financial instruments are mentioned in relevant notes to the financial statements. The Modaraba's interest/profit bearing financial instruments as at the reporting date are as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets	261,854,232	293,484,231
Financial liabilities	-	-
Variable rate instruments		
Financial assets	9,729,393	24,017
Financial liabilities	-	-

#### (b) Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Modaraba does not account for fixed rate financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (c) Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

An increase of 100 basis points in profit/interest rates as at the reporting date would have increased net income for the year by Rs. 97,294 (2017: Rs. 240). A decrease of 100 basis points wound have had an equal but opposite effect on net income for the year. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant and ignores the impact, if any, on provision for taxation for the year.

#### (d) Interest rate risk management

The Modaraba manages profit/interest rate risk by analyzing its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Cash flow interest rate risk is managed by simulating various scenarios taking into consideration various modes of investments. Based on these scenarios, the Modaraba calculates impact on profit after taxation and equity of defined profit/interest rate shift, mostly 100 basis points.



#### 36.3.3 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from profit rate risk or currency risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments. The Modaraba is not exposed to price risk.

## 37 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Modaraba's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Management Company monitors the return on assets of the Modaraba, including finances under ijarah, murabahah and musharakah arrangements and investments in capital and money market which are managed through appropriate risk management policies. For major aspects of capital management, the Modaraba adheres to the requirements of the Ordinance, Rules and Regulations including the requirements of statutory reserve. There were no changes in the Modaraba's approach to capital management during the year.

#### 38 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

#### 38.1 Financial Instruments

The Modaraba measures some of its assets at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements and has the following levels.

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The fair value hierarchy of assets measured at fair value and the information about how the fair values of these financial instruments are determined are as follows:

## 38.1.1 Financial instruments measured at fair value

There are no recurring or non-recurring fair value measurements as at the reporting date. The management considers the carrying amount of all the financial instruments to approximate their fair values.

## 38.2 Assets and liabilities other than financial instruments.

None of the assets and liabilities other than financial instruments are measured at fair value.

#### 39 REMUNERATION OF OFFICERS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

The aggregate amount charged to profit or loss in respect of officers and other employees on account of managerial remuneration, allowances and perquisites, post employment benefits and the number of such executives and other officers are as follows:

<b>2018</b> Other		
Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
3,667,800	1,168,600	4,836,400
1,639,307	102,972	1,742,279
-	-	-
5,307,107	1,271,572	6,578,679
6	7	13
	Rupees 3,667,800 1,639,307 - <u>5,307,107</u>	Officers         employees           Rupees         Rupees           3,667,800         1,168,600           1,639,307         102,972           -         -           5,307,107         1,271,572



		2017	
		Other	
	Officers	employees	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Managerial remuneration	3,717,120	1,819,760	5,536,880
Allowances and perquisites	1,851,418	520,837	2,372,255
Post employment benefits	1,056,881	432,586	1,489,467
	6,625,419	2,773,183	9,398,602
Number of persons	3	7	10

## 40 SEGMENT INFORMATION

**40.1** The Modaraba is a single reportable segment.

40.2 All non-current assets of the Modaraba are situated in Pakistan.

40.3 All incomes of the Modaraba have originated from Pakistan.

# 41 EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST

The following information is based on the latest un-audited financial statements of the First Fidelity Leasing Modaraba Employees Provident Fund for the year ended June 30, 2018.

		2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees
Size of the fund - total assets	Rupees	310,038	1,470,162
Cost/fair value of investments	Rupees	309,086	1,468,710
Percentage of investments made	% age	99.69%	99.90%

The break-up of investments is as follows:

The break-up of investments is as follows:

	2018		2017	
	Rupees	% age	Rupees	% age
Deposit accounts with commercial banks	952	0.31	1,452	0.10
Mutual funds	309,086	99.69	1,468,710	99.90
	310,038	100.00	1,470,162	100.00

## 42 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Board of Directors of the Management Company in their meeting held on October 05, 2018 has approved profit distribution to certificate holders at Rs. 0.65 per certificate of Rs. 10 each, amounting to total profit distribution of Rs. 17.169 million.

# 43 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

	2018	2017
Total number of employees	13	10
Average number of employees	12	14



## 44 RECLASSIFICATIONS

The following have been reclassified for compliance with Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017.

Particulars	From	То	2018	2017
Unclaimed profit distributio	n Accrued and other liabilities	Balance sheet	10,652,112	10,673,516

#### 45 RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS AND IMPAIRMENT

As at the reporting date, recoverable amounts of all assets/cash generating units are equal to or exceed their carrying amounts, unless stated otherwise in these financial statements.

#### 46 GENERAL

- 46.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.
- **46.2** Comparative figures have been rearranged and reclassified, where necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, there were no significant reclassifications during the year other than those referred to in note 44.

51. **Chief Executive** 

Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

48 Annual Report 2018

For Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited [The Management Company]

Ann

Director Fidelity Capital Management (Private) Limited

mm

Director
Fidelity Capital Management
 (Private) Limited



<u>Form - 34</u>

# The Companies Ordinance 1984 (Section 236(1) and 464) Pattern Of Shareholding

- 1. Incorporation Number
- 2. Name of The Company

- Name of The Company
   Pattern of Holding of the Shares held by the Shareholders as at :June 30, 2018
- 4. \_\_\_\_

No. of Shareholders	Shareholding		Total Shares held	
No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares held	
3,360	1	100	136,015	
2,191	101	500	527,066	
830	501	1,000	636,894	
900	1,001	5,000	1,805,442	
100	5,001	10,000	724,018	
41	10,001	15,000	478,347	
19	15,001	20,000	337,086	
19	20,001	25,000	423,437	
5	25,001	30,000	144,460	
9	30,001	35,000	296,306	
4	35,001	40,000	147,829	
5	40,001	45,000	215,440	
3	45,001	50,000	143,000	
3	50,001	55,000	163,362	
1	55,001	60,000	56,427	
1	60,001	65,000	64,000	
1	65,001	70,000	69,500	
2	70,001	75,000	144,200	
2	75,001	80,000	155,296	
1	85,001	90,000	88,100	
1	90,001	95,000	93,991	
2	95,001	100,000	200,000	
1	105,001	110,000	105,254	
1	130,001	135,000	131,651	
1	160,001	165,000	161,230	
1	165,001	170,000	170,000	
1	200,001	205,000	200,153	
1	255,001	260,000	260,000	
1	265,001	270,000	266,792	
1	280,001	285,000	281,500	
1	285,001	290,000	288,500	
1	350,001	355,000	350,804	
1	410,001	415,000	413,000	
1	435,001	440,000	436,000	
1	495,001	500,000	495,078	
1	575,001	580,000	578,041	
1	580,001	585,000	582,170	
1	770,001	775,000	775,000	
1	1,000,001	1,005,000	1,005,000	
1	1,030,001	1,035,000	1,034,931	
1	1,170,001	1,175,000	1,175,000	
1	2,295,001	2,300,000	2,300,000	
1	2,480,001	2,485,000	2,483,870	
1	2,640,001	2,645,000	2,641,380	
1	3,225,001	3,230,000	3,228,234	
7,523			26,413,804	



# CATEGORIES OF CERTIFICATE HOLDING

As On: June 30, 2018

As On: June 30, 2018

Categories of Shareholder	Physical	CDC	Total	% age
Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Their Spouses and Minor Childern				
Directors				
SIYYID TAHIR NAWAZISH	-	54,552	54,552	0.21
	-	54,552	54,552	0.21
Associated Companies, Undertakings & Related Parties				
FIDELITY CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (PVT) LTD	-	5,869,614	5,869,614	22.22
	-	5,869,614	5,869,614	22.22
NIT & ICP (Name Wise Detail)				
CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	-	495,078	495,078	1.87
	-	495,078	495,078	1.87
Banks, NBFCs, DFIs, Takaful, Pension Funds	31,417	96,463	127,880	0.48
Modarabas	437	-	437	0.00
Insurance Companies	40	1,034,931	1,034,971	3.92
Other Companies, Corporate Bodies, Trust etc.	664,597	487,158	1,151,755	4.36
General Public				
A. Local	3,174,670	14,497,191	17,671,861	66.90
B. Foreign	-	7,656	7,656	0.03
	3,174,670	14,504,847	17,679,517	66.93
	3,871,161	22,542,643	26,413,804	100.00
Shareholders More Than 5.00%				
FIDELITY CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (PVT) LTD			5,869,614	22.22
MUHAMMAD IQBAL			4,783,870	18.11









CorpTec/GOC/0001146/<u>1</u> September 22, 2018

Most Urgent

To All Shareholder(s)

# *Re: Mandatory Requirement of IBAN for Credit Dividend into Bank Electronically*

This is to inform you that under second proviso to Section 242 of the Companies Act 2017, listed companies are required to pay declared cash dividends only through electronic mode directly into the bank accounts designated by the entitled shareholders. Accordingly, you being registered shareholder of the company under folio No. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, in (Company Name) are requested to provide the following information for payment of cash dividend declared / to be declared by the company through electronic mode directly into bank account designated by you.

Yours faithfully,

For CorpTec Associates (Pvt) Limited Share Registrar: (Company Name)

Muhammad Imran Bhatti Head - Share Registrar Affairs

IBAN - [36 Digits] Including Country Code and and Bank Identifier	
CNIC Number (For Individuals) (Please attach photocopy)	
National Tax Number (For Companies)	
Title of Bank Account	
Bank Account Number	
Bank's Name	
Branch Name and Address	
Cell Number of Shareholder	
Landline Number of Shareholder	
Email of Shareholder	

It is stated that the above-mentioned information is correct and I will intimate the changes, if any in the above-mentioned information to the Share Registrar, i.e. CorpTec Associates (Pvt) Limited, 503 - E, Johar Town, Lahore. as soon as these occur.

Signature of Shareholder